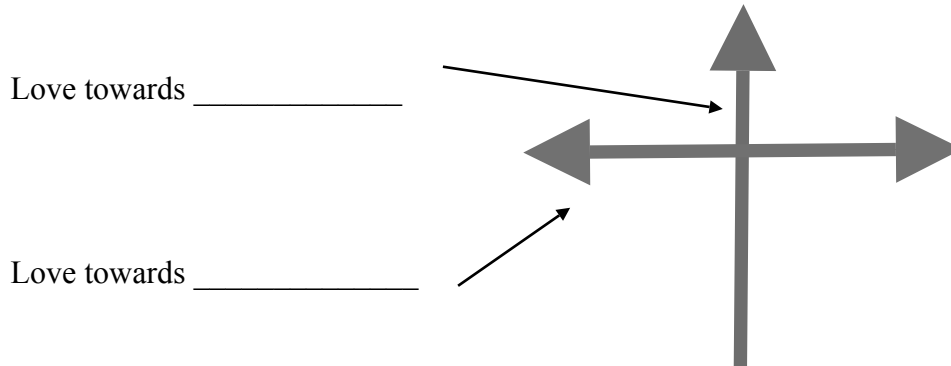


Knowing Jesus Bible Study Guide #4 – Standards Part 2

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A. From last time we learned that God's standard for human relations are based on _____

B. We learned in the last study that this standard is always directed in two directions.



C. We learned that the love standard is not self-centered love but _____ - _____ centered love.

D. We learned last time that the _____ _____ represents our template for this kind of love

Today in standards part two we will look at what happens when we violate this standard.

1. What is the generic term for when we violate God's righteous standard of government?

ANSWER Ecclesiastes 7:20 The generic term is called _____

2. Other names used in the Bible to describe this situation are:

A. _____ 1 John 3:4 - *the intentional violation of the Ten Commandments*

B. _____ Hosea 8:1 - *living without regard to the will of God*

C. _____ Judges 20:16 - *inability to meet the standard (intentional or not)*

D. _____ Genesis 15:16 - *the accumulation of guilt and unrighteousness*

Other names include: *disobedience, unrighteousness and wickedness*

3. Who was the first to commit an act of sin?

Answer: 1 John 3:8 - _____

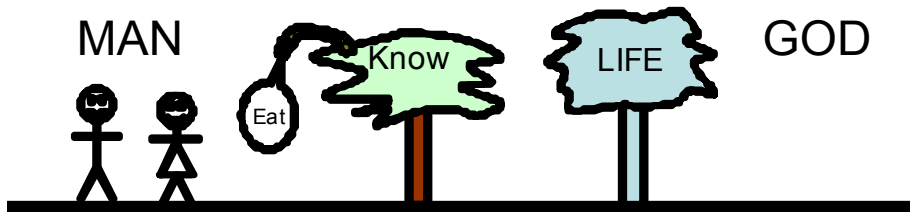
This name is related to name Satan. They mean "accuser," "slanderer," or "adversary." other names include the dragon, the serpent, the shining one, (Lucifer)

4. What was his first great sin?

Answer: Isaiah 14:12-14 He wanted to replace _____ with himself.

5. How did Earth become infected with sin?

Answer: Romans 5:12 _____ brought sin into the world.

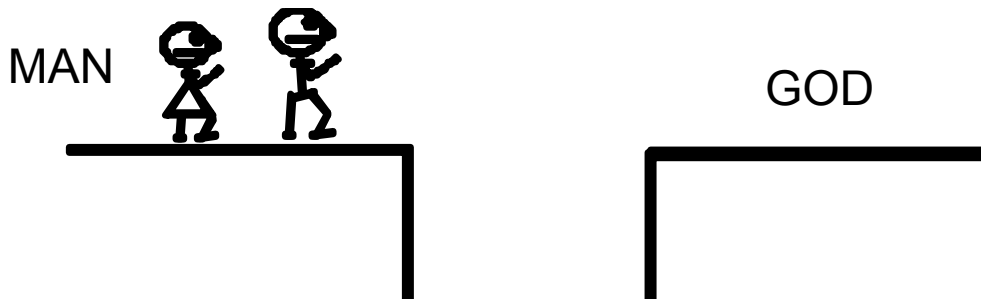


6. With whom do we align ourselves when we sin?

Answer: 1 John 3:10 We choose sides with the _____.

7. What is the result of sin on humanity.

Answer: Isaiah 59:1-2 Sin separates us from _____



8. What is the ultimate result of sin?

Answer: Genesis 2:15-17 Sin results in _____. See also Romans 6:23, Ezekiel 18:4

9. What other impact does sin have on humanity?

Answer: Genesis 39:9 The origin of _____ is a result of sin.

10. Where do sinful acts begin?

Answer: Mark 7:21 - sinful acts begin with sinful _____.

11. What is the impact of sin on the creation?

Answer: Romans 8:19-22 The whole creation _____ as a result.

12. What is the impact of sin on other worlds?

Answer: 1 Corinthians 4:9 We are a _____ to other created beings.

13: Does Sin have an origin or can you explain why sin exists?

Answer: 2 Thessalonians 2:7 Sin is described as a _____.

It is impossible to so explain the origin of sin as to give a reason for its existence. Yet enough may be understood concerning both the origin and the final disposition of sin, to fully make manifest the justice and benevolence of God in all his dealings with evil. Nothing is more plainly taught in Scripture than that God was in nowise responsible for the entrance of sin; that there was no arbitrary withdrawal of divine grace, no deficiency in the divine government, that gave occasion for the uprising of rebellion. Sin is an intruder, for whose presence no reason can be given. It is mysterious, unaccountable; to excuse it, is to defend it. Could excuse for it be found, or cause be shown for its existence, it would cease to be sin. Our only definition of sin is that given in the Word of God; it is "the transgression of the law;" it is the outworking of a principle at war with the great law of love which is the foundation of the divine government.

The Great Controversy Between Christ and Satan; (1888). (pp. 492–493). Pacific Press Publishing Association.

14: Are you a sinner?

Answer: Romans 3:23 _____ Yes _____ No

Answers: A) Love, B) God, others, C) other-person, D) Ten Commandments, 1. Sin, 2A) lawlessness 2B) Rebellion, 2C) Missing the mark, 2D) iniquity, 3) the devil, 4) God, 5) Adam, 6) devil, 7) god, 8. Death, 9) evil, 10) thoughts, 11) suffers 12) spectacle 13) mystery